

Product number: K8-1346 Product name: Seta 670-mono-azide

General Data

Mo

lecular Mass:	951.10
Solubility:	Water, Alcohol, DMF, DMSO
Insoluble:	acetone, chloroform, toluene
Storage:	Store in absence of light, desiccated and refrigerate

Description

Highly hydrophilic, alkyne-reactive reagent for click chemistry containing one azide function. Azides react with C-C-triple bonds in either a Cu(I)-catalyzed or Cu-free 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reaction to a triazole.

Applications

- Click Chemistry reagent
- Fluorescence intensity and fluorescence polarization-based applications
- Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer (FRET) applications
- Single Molecule Applications Seta-670 shows extremely low blinking in single molecule measurements

Advantages

- Suited for excitation with the 380, 404, 635, 670-nm diode lasers and UV light
- · Sensitive; high extinction coefficients and high quantum yields after covalent attachment to biomolecules
- Quantum yield is highly increased after covalent and non-covalent association with proteins
- pH-insensitive between pH 3 and pH 10
- Good aqueous solubility: this label does not alter the solubility of the bioconjugate
- Photostability: Higher photostability as compared to Alexa Fluor™ 647 or Cy5™
- Low molecular weight: Seta dyes do not add substantial mass to the conjugates
- Ideal for non-radioactive labeling of alkyne-modified proteins, DNA and oligonucleotides

Spectral Data

Solvent System: phosphate buffer pH 7.4

Sample	Absorption	Extinction	Fluorescence*	Quantum
	max.	Coefficient	max.	Yield
	[nm]	[M ⁻¹ ·cm ⁻¹]	[nm]	[%]
Free dye	667	180,000	686	7

* Excitation at 635 nm



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Absorption and emission spectrum of a **Seta 670-azide** in phosphate buffer (pH 7.4)





Relative decrease of the long-wavelength absorption band of Seta 670-azide as compared to Cy5 and Alexa Fluor 647 upon irradiation with a Halogen lamp

Relative decrease of the emission of **Seta 670-azide** as compared to **Cy5** and **Alexa Fluor 647** upon irradiation with a Halogen lamp